Auditing F Issued under P.A. 2 of 19	68, as amer						10 /	
Local Government Type City Town	nship [	Village Oth	Local Governmer	nent Name			County	
Audit Date		Opinion Date		Date Accou	ntant Report Submit	ted to State:		
We have audited the accordance with the Financial Statemen	e Statem	ents of the Go	vernmental Acco	ounting Star	ndards Board (	GASB) and the	Uniform Repo	
We affirm that:								
1. We have comp	lied with tl	he <i>Bulletin for the</i>	e Audits of Local	Units of Go	vernment in Mic	chigan as revised	i.	
2. We are certified	d public ac	ccountants regist	ered to practice in	n Michigan.				
We further affirm the comments and reco			es have been dis	closed in th	e financial state	ments, including	g the notes, or ir	the report of
You must check the	applicable	e box for each ite	em below.					
Yes No	1. Certa	ain component u	nits/funds/agenci	ies of the lo	cal unit are excl	uded from the fi	nancial stateme	ents.
Yes No		re are accumulate of 1980).	ted deficits in one	e or more o	of this unit's un	reserved fund b	alances/retained	d earnings (P.A.
Yes No		re are instances nded).	of non-complian	nce with the	e Uniform Acco	unting and Bud	geting Act (P.A	2 of 1968, as
Yes No			violated the cond order issued unde				e Municipal Fir	nance Act or its
Yes No			deposits/investm 29.91], or P.A. 55				equirements. (F	P.A. 20 of 1943,
Yes No	6. The	local unit has be	en delinquent in d	distributing t	ax revenues that	at were collected	I for another tax	king unit.
Yes No	7. pens	sion benefits (no	iolated the Cons rmal costs) in the n the normal cost	e current ye	ear. If the plan i	s more than 10	0% funded and	the overfunding
Yes No		local unit uses L 129.241).	credit cards and	I has not a	dopted an appl	icable policy as	required by P.	.A. 266 of 1995
Yes No	9. The	local unit has no	t adopted an inve	estment poli	cy as required b	y P.A. 196 of 19	97 (MCL 129.9	5).
We have enclosed	the follo	wing:				Enclosed	To Be Forwarded	Not Required
The letter of comm	ents and r	recommendation	S.					
Reports on individu	al federal	financial assista	nce programs (pr	rogram aud	its).			
Single Audit Repor	ts (ASLGI	J).						
Certified Public Account	ant (Firm Na	ime)						
Street Address					City	S	ztate ZIP Code	• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Accountant Signature	ab	wham & Leffrey, P. C	<del>.</del>	FR			ate	

## Village of Ovid Clinton County, Michigan

## **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**December 31, 2004** 

## Village of Ovid Clinton County, Michigan

## December 31, 2004

## VILLAGE COUNCIL AND ADMINISTRATION

Mr. William Lasher	President
Mr. Rod Tew	President Pro-Tem, Trustee
Mr. Gerald Meredith	Trustee
Mr. Arthur Price	Trustee
Mr. Charles Moore	Trustee
Mr. Larry Ordiway	Trustee
Ms. Ofelia Padilla	Trustee
Ms. Josefina Medina	Clerk
Ms. Cindy Fruchey	Treasurer

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#### **Principals**

Dale J. Abraham, CPA Michael T. Gaffney, CPA Steven R. Kirinovic, CPA Aaron M. Stevens, CPA Eric J. Glashouwer, CPA

Karen A. Roka, CPA James A. Huguelet, CPA Alan D. Panter, CPA William I. Tucker IV, CPA Kurt M. Lemmen, CPA



Member:
American Institute of
Certified
Public Accountants
and
Michigan Association of
Certified Public
Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable President and Members of the Village Council Village of Ovid Ovid, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the discretely presented component unit, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Ovid, Michigan as of and for the year ended December 31, 2004, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Village of Ovid's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the discretely presented component unit, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Ovid, Michigan as of December 31, 2004, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note A, the Village has implemented a new financial reporting model, as required by the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments, as of January 1, 2004, along with all related statements and interpretations.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, as identified in the table of contents, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village of Ovid's basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The other supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

ABRAHAM & GAFFNEY, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

abroham & Liffrey, P.C.

February 4, 2005

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following is a discussion and analysis of Village of Ovid's (the Village's) financial performance and position, providing an overview of the activities for the year ended December 31, 2004. This analysis should be read in conjunction with the *Independent Auditors Report* and with the Village's financial statements, which follow this section. 2004 represents the first year the Village implemented the provisions of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments*, as amended by GASB Statement No. 37 *Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments - Omnibus* and Statement No. 38 *Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures*. Therefore, this discussion and analysis provides few comparisons with the previous year. Future reports will include financial comparisons to the prior as required by GASB.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

#### **Government-wide:**

- Total net assets were \$4,381,745 (excluding component units).
- Governmental activities net assets were \$1,492,770.
- Business-type activity net assets were \$2,888,975.
- Component Unit net assets were \$172,916.

#### **Fund Level:**

- At the close of the fiscal year, the Village's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$642,210 with \$33,757 being reserved, designated, or otherwise earmarked for specific purposes.
- The General Fund realized \$6,551 more in revenues and other financing sources than anticipated for the fiscal year. The General Fund operations also expended \$29,577 less than appropriated.
- Overall, the General Fund balance decreased by \$51,639 to \$529,379 with \$496,925 being undesignated and available for general purposes.

#### **Capital and Long-term Debt Activities:**

- The primary government issued no new debt issues for the year.
- The total long-term debt for the primary government was \$273,338 with a net reduction of \$38,451 from the prior year.
- The Village remains well below its authorized legal debt limit.
- The total additions to the capital asset schedule for the primary government was \$62,211 and included a new police car and accessories, construction of a new pavilion at the park, additions to the water and sewer systems, and other items.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Village's annual financial report. The annual financial report of the Village consists of the following components:

1) Independent Auditors Report; 2) Management's Discussion and Analysis and 3) the Basic Financial Statements (government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, notes to the financial statements), Required Supplementary Information such as budget to actual comparisons for the General Fund and major Special Revenue Funds, and Other Supplementary Information including combining financial statements for all nonmajor governmental funds and other funds and other financial data.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements (Reporting the Village as a Whole)**

The set of government-wide financial statements are made up of the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, which report information about the Village as a whole, and about its activities. Their purpose is to assist in answering the question, is the Village, in its entirety, better or worse off as a result of this fiscal year's activities? These statements, which include all non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, are reported on the *accrual basis of accounting*, similar to a private business. This means revenues are accounted for when they are *earned* and expenses are accounted for when *incurred*, regardless of when the actual cash is received or disbursed.

The Statement of Net Assets (page 1) presents all of the Village's assets and liabilities, recording the difference between the two as "net assets". Over time, increases or decreases in net assets measure whether the Village's financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities (page 2) presents information showing how the Village's net assets changed during 2004. All changes in net assets are reported based on the period for which the underlying events giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Therefore, revenue and expenses are reported in these statements for some items that will only result in cash flows in future financial periods, such as uncollected taxes and earned but unused employee annual leave.

Both statements report the following activities:

- Governmental Activities Most of the Village's basic services are reported under this category. Taxes, charges for services and intergovernmental revenue primarily fund these services. Most of the Village's general government departments, law enforcement, economic development, Village improvements, street improvements, recreation activities, and other Village wide elected official operations are reported under these activities.
- *Business-type Activities* These activities operate like private businesses. The Village charges fees to recover the cost of the services provided. The Water System Fund and the Sewer System Fund are examples of these activities.
- Discretely Presented Component Unit Discretely Presented Component units are legally separate organizations for which the Council and Administration appoints a majority of the organization's policy board and there is a degree of financial accountability to the Village. One organization is included as a discretely presented component unit: the Downtown Development Authority.

As stated previously, the government-wide statements report on an *accrual* basis of accounting. However, the governmental funds report on a *modified accrual* basis. Under modified accrual accounting, revenues are recognized when they are measurable and available to pay obligations of the fiscal period; expenditures are recognized when they are due to be paid from available resources.

Because of the different basis of accounting between the fund statements (described below) and the government-wide statements, pages 4 and 6 present reconciliations between the two statement types. The following summarizes the impact of transitioning from modified accrual to full accrual accounting:

- Capital assets used in governmental activities (depreciation) are not reported on the fund financial statements of the governmental fund. Capital assets and depreciation expense are reported on the government-wide statements.
- Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on the government-wide statements, but is reported as expenditures on the fund financial statements of the governmental funds.

#### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

- Long-term liabilities, such as amounts accrued for sick and annual leave (compensated absences), etc. appear as liabilities on the government-wide statements; however they will not appear on the fund financial statements unless current resources are used to pay a specific obligation.
- Long-term debt proceeds are reported as liabilities on the government-wide statements, but are recorded as other financing sources on the fund financial statements.

In addition, it should be noted that the government-wide financial statements include the net value of the Village's general capital assets such as buildings, land, cars, computer equipment, etc. These values are not included in the fund financial statements.

### Fund Financial Statements (Reporting the Village's Major Funds)

The fund financial statements, which begin on page 3, provide information on the Village's significant (major) funds, and aggregated nonmajor funds. A fund is a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts that the Village uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for a particular purpose. Traditional users of governmental financial statements will find the Fund Financial Statements presentation more familiar.

The basic financial statements report major funds as defined by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in separate columns. Statement 34 defines a "major fund" as the General Fund, and any governmental or enterprise fund which has either total assets, total liabilities, total revenues or total expenditures/expenses that equal at least ten (10) percent of those categories for either the governmental funds or the enterprise funds and where the individual fund total also exceeds five (5) percent of those categories for governmental and enterprise funds combined. The major funds for the Village of Ovid include the General Fund, the Major Street Fund, the Sewer System Fund, and the Water System Fund. All other funds are classified as nonmajor funds and are reported in aggregate by the applicable fund type. The Village includes detailed information on its nonmajor funds in the other supplementary information section of this report.

The Village's funds are divided into two categories - governmental and proprietary - and use different accounting approaches:

- Governmental Funds Most of the Village's basic services are reported in the governmental funds. The focus of these funds is how cash and other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash, flow in and out during the course of the fiscal year and how the balances left at year-end are available for spending on future services. Consequently, the governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that may be expended in the near future to finance the Village's programs. Governmental funds include the General Fund, as well as Special Revenue Funds (use of fund balance is restricted), Capital Projects Funds (used to report major capital acquisitions and construction), and Debt Service Funds (accounts for resources used to pay long-term debt principal and interest).
- **Proprietary Funds** Services for which the Village charges customers (whether outside the Village structure or a Village department) a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds use the same *accrual* basis of accounting used in the government-wide statements and by private business. The Village has one type of proprietary fund. *Enterprise funds* report activities that provide supplies and/or services to the general public. An example is the Sewer System Fund.

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The Notes to the Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the detail provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The Notes can be found beginning on page 10 of this report.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Following the Basic Financial Statements is additional Required Supplementary Information (RSI), which further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. RSI includes a budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund and the major special revenue funds.

### **Other Supplementary Information**

Other Supplementary Information includes combining financial statements for nonmajor governmental funds. These funds are added together, by fund type, and are presented in aggregate single columns in the appropriate basic financial statements. Also presented in this section is additional financial information related to the discretely presented component unit (DDA).

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE VILLAGE AS A WHOLE

As previously stated, Village of Ovid's combined net assets were \$4,381,745 at the end of this year's operations. The net assets of the governmental activities were \$1,492,770; the business type activities were \$2,888,975.

#### Net Assets as of December 31, 2004

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business Type <u>Activities</u>	Total Primary <u>Government</u>
Current Assets Noncurrent Assets	\$ 656,411 863,898	\$ 358,664 2,833,551	\$ 1,015,075 3,697,449
<b>Total Assets</b>	<u>\$ 1,520,309</u>	<u>\$ 3,192,215</u>	<u>\$ 4,712,524</u>
Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities	19,765 7,774	51,603 251,637	71,368 259,411
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<u>\$ 27,539</u>	<u>\$ 303,240</u>	<u>\$ 330,779</u>
Net Assets Invested in Capital Assets (Net of related debt) Restricted Unrestricted	863,898 112,831 516,041	2,342,756 189,725 356,494	3,206,654 302,556 872,535
<b>Total Net Assets</b>	<u>\$ 1,492,770</u>	<u>\$ 2,888,975</u>	<u>\$ 4,381,745</u>

The following condensed financial information was derived from the government-wide Statement of Activities and reflects how the Village's primary government net assets changed during the fiscal year:

#### Changes in Net Assets for the Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 2004

Revenues	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business Type <u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>
Program Revenues	ф. 44.00 <b>2</b>	Ф 271 400	Φ 216 200
Charges for Services Grants and Contributions	\$ 44,802 116,455	\$ 271,488	\$ 316,290 116,455
General Revenues	110,433	-	110,433
Property Taxes	326,162	_	326,162
State Shared Revenue	154,181	_	154,181
Investment Earnings	6,375	2,964	9,339
Miscellaneous	22,278	4,421	26,699
<b>Total Revenues</b>	670,253	278,873	949,126
Expenses			
General Government	203,912	_	203,912
Public Safety	220,427	_	220,427
Public Works	283,935	-	283,935
Community and Econ. Dev.	3,462	-	3,462
Recreation and Cultural	25,581	269,670	25,581
Other		<u>268,679</u>	268,679
<b>Total Expenses</b>	737,317	268,679	1,005,996
Increase (decrease) in Net Assets	( 67,064)	10,194	( 56,870)
Net Assets - Beginning	1,559,834	2,878,781	4,438,615
<b>Net Assets - Ending</b>	<u>\$ 1,492,770</u>	<u>\$ 2,888,975</u>	<u>\$ 4,381,745</u>

#### **Governmental Activities:**

The result of 2004 governmental activity was a decrease of (\$67,064) in net assets to \$1,492,770. Of the total governmental activities' net assets, \$863,898 is invested in capital assets less related debt, \$112,831 is reported as restricted, meaning these assets are legally committed for a specific purpose through statue, or by another authority outside the Village government. The balance of \$516,041 is listed as unrestricted, having no legal commitment.

#### **Revenues:**

The three largest revenue categories were property taxes at 34%, charges for services at 33%, and State shared revenue at 16%. The Village levied two property tax millages for the year ended December 31, 2004, one being for general government operations at 11.8397 mills, which is not assigned to any particular activity, and one for garbage collection at .7118 mills. Charges for services, which reimburse the Village for specific activities, are the second largest source of governmental activity revenue. Examples include water and sewer usage fees. Third largest was State funding through the State revenue sharing program.

#### **Expenses:**

Public works is the largest governmental activity, expending approximately 39% of the governmental activities total and includes the Public Works department as well as public street maintenance and improvement activities. Public Safety is the second largest area, expending approximately 30% of the governmental activities total on police protection.

### **Business-type Activities:**

Net assets in business-type activities increased by \$10,194 during 2004. Of the business-type activities' net assets, \$2,342,756 is invested in capital assets less related debt, \$189,725 is reported as restricted, meaning these assets are legally committed for a specific purpose through statue, or by another authority outside the Village government. The balance of \$356,494 is listed as unrestricted, having no legal commitment.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE VILLAGE'S MAJOR AND NONMAJOR FUNDS

As the Village completed 2004, its governmental funds reported *combined* fund balances of \$642,210. This is a net decrease of \$28,683. The net changes are summarized in the following chart:

	General Fund	Major Street	Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Fund Balance 12/31/03	\$ 581,018	\$ 27,218	\$ 62,657
Fund Balance 12/31/04	\$ 529,379	\$ 38,716	\$ 74,115
Net Change	\$( 51,639)	\$ 11,498	\$ 11,458

#### **General Fund:**

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Village. Unless otherwise required by statue, contractual agreement or Council policy, all Village revenues and expenditures are recorded in the General Fund. As of December 31, 2004, the General Fund reported a fund balance of \$529,379. This amount is a decrease of \$51,639 from the fund balance of \$581,018 reported as of December 31, 2003. The 2004 original budget called for a \$39,611 use of fund balance. \$32,454 of fund balance is reported as reserved or designated.

The General Fund 2004 expenditures exceeded 2004 revenues and other financing sources by \$51,639.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights:**

The Village of Ovid's budget is a dynamic document. Although adopted prior to January 1 each year, the budget is routinely amended during the course of the year to reflect changing operational demands.

Actual General Fund revenue and other financing sources totaled \$558,901, \$6,551 above the final amended budget. The final amended and original budgets were the same and were only 1% different than final actual.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

The Village's expenditure budget was increased by \$48,156 (8% above the original budget) during 2004. The majority of this increase (\$35,300; 73%) was for the budgeting of the purchase of a new police car and related accessories. The balance on the increase was related to the overall rise in personnel costs, etc.

Actual Village expenditures for 2004 were \$29,577 under budget. General Fund actual expenditures came in at \$610,540 and the final budgeted amount was \$640,117, which was only a 4.6% difference.

#### **Major Street Fund:**

As of December 31, 2004, the Major Street Fund reported a fund balance of \$38,716, an increase of \$11,498 from the prior year. The total fund balance is undesignated/unreserved. There were no material changes noted between the original and final amended budgeted revenues or expenditures. There were also no material differences between final amended revenues and expenditures and actual amounts.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

<u>Capital Assets</u> - At the end of year 2004, the Village had invested \$3,466,654, and \$25,675 for the component unit, net of accumulated depreciation, in a broad range of capital assets (see table below). Accumulated depreciation was \$2,812,497 for the primary government. Depreciation charges for the fiscal year totaled \$173,292 for the primary government. Additional information related to capital assets is detailed in Note G of the Financial Statements. Net book value of capital assets at December 31, 2004 was as follows:

			Business-			
		ernmental ctivities	type Activities		Unit DDA	Total
Land	\$	2,249	\$ 134,322	\$	25,675	\$ 162,246
Land improvements, net		63,450	-		-	63,450
Buildings, net		192,876	-		-	192,876
Furniture and equipment, net		163,360	56,413		-	219,773
Vehicles, net		105,386	-		-	105,386
Sewer system, net		-	919,771		-	919,771
Water system, net		=	1,492,250		-	1,492,250
Infrastructure, net		336,577	_		_	336,577
Capital assets, net	\$	863,898	<u>\$2,602,756</u>	\$	25,675	\$ 3,492,329

<u>Long-term Debt</u> - As of December 31, 2004, the Village had \$273,338 in debt outstanding for the primary government. This level of net obligation is \$38,451 less than the obligation recorded as of December 31, 2003.

#### Outstanding Debt as of December 31, 2004:

<b>Primary Government</b> Governmental Activities	<u>Jan</u>	an. 1, 2004 Addition			<u>Deletions</u>			Dec. 31, 2004		
Compensated absences	\$	6,789	\$	6,549	\$	-	\$	13,338		
Business-type Activities Revenue Bonds Refunding Bonds		5,000 300,000		- -		5,000 <u>0,000</u>		-0- 260,000		
<b>Total Reporting Entity</b>	<u>\$</u> .	<u>311,789</u>	\$	6,549	<u>\$ 4</u>	<u>5,000</u>	\$	273,338		

A more detailed discussion of the Village's long-term debt obligations is presented in Note H to the financial statements.

#### VILLAGE OF OVID GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC OUTLOOK:

The State of Michigan continues to have difficulty in balancing their budget. Any shortfalls in projected revenues could affect our revenue sharing funds that we receive. Our budgets have already been cut more than once and any further cuts would affect the services that we provide to the citizens of the Village of Ovid.

Other factors that the Village is aware of are:

- Property tax revenue does seem to be keeping pace with inflation.
- Investment earnings are at historically low levels due to low market interest rates, decreasing by nearly 80% over the past four years.
- Health insurance premiums are rising much faster than the rate of inflation.
- Retirement costs are increasing due to poor stock market performance over the last several years.
- Utility costs are rising faster than the rate of inflation.

These and many other factors were considered in adopting the Budget for 2005. A usage of \$27,320 of the Village's fund balance was included to balance the General Fund Budget, although it is estimated that the deficit will be significantly higher. The Village continues to look for ways to increase efficiencies and reduce the cost of doing business.

### **CONTACTING THE VILLAGE**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Village's finances and to demonstrate the Village's accountability for the money it receives. If there are questions about this report, or a need for additional information, contact the Village offices at (989) 834-5550.



## STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

## December 31, 2004

	F			
	Governmental	Business-type		Component
	Activities	Activities	Total	Unit (DDA)
ASSETS				
Current Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Internal balances	\$ 575,064 2,391 29,565	\$ 364,072 24,157 (29,565)	\$ 939,136 26,548 -0-	\$ 19,995 60,368
Due from other governmental units Prepaids	44,257 5,134	(29,303)	44,257 5,134	
Total current assets	656,411	358,664	1,015,075	80,363
Noncurrent				
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	-	226,362	226,362	3,310
Contracts receivable	-	-	-0-	63,568
Unamortized expense Capital assets, net	863,898	4,433 2,602,756	4,433 3,466,654	25,675
Total noncurrent assets	863,898	2,833,551	3,697,449	92,553
TOTAL ASSETS	1,520,309	3,192,215	4,712,524	172,916
LIABILITIES				
Current				
Accounts payable	9,843	2,478	12,321	-
Accrued liabilities	4,358	1,005	5,363	-
Accrued interest payable Current portion of	-	3,120	3,120	-
compensated absences	5,564	-	5,564	_
Current portion of long-term debt	<u> </u>	45,000	45,000	
Total current liabilities	19,765	51,603	71,368	-0-
Noncurrent				
Payable from restricted cash -				
customer deposits	- 7,774	36,637	36,637 7,774	-
Compensated absences Revenue bonds	7,774	215,000	215,000	- -
Total noncurrent liabilities	7,774	251,637	259,411	-0-
TOTAL LIABILITIES	27,539	303,240	330,779	-0-
NET ASSETS Invested in capital assets, net				
of related debt	863,898	2,342,756	3,206,654	-
Restricted for streets	112,831	-	112,831	-
Restricted for debt retirement	-	189,725	189,725	3,310
Unrestricted	516,041	356,494	872,535	169,606
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 1,492,770	\$ 2,888,975	\$ 4,381,745	\$ 172,916

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

#### VILLAGE OF OVID

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

#### Year Ended December 31, 2004

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

Program Revenues		m Revenues	·	Primary Government				
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Component Unit (DDA)	
Primary government: Governmental activities General government Public safety Public works Community and economic development Recreation and cultural	\$ 203,912 220,427 283,935 3,462 25,581	\$ 8,134 1,612 34,595 461	\$ - 116,455 - -	\$ (195,778) (218,815) (132,885) (3,001) (25,581)	\$ - - - -	\$ (195,778) (218,815) (132,885) (3,001) (25,581)	\$ - - - - -	
Total governmental activities	737,317	44,802	116,455	(576,060)	-0-	(576,060)	-0-	
Business-type activities: Sewer Water Total business-type activities	122,885 145,794 268,679	165,926 105,562 271,488		-0-	43,041 (40,232) 2,809	43,041 (40,232) 2,809	-0-	
Total primary government	\$ 1,005,996	\$ 316,290	\$ 116,455	(576,060)	2,809	(573,251)	-0-	
Component unit: Downtown Development Authority	\$ 71,245	\$ -	\$ -	-0-	-0-	-0-	(71,245)	
		General revenues Property taxes State shared re- Investment earn Miscellaneous	venue	326,162 154,181 6,375 22,278	2,964 4,421	326,162 154,181 9,339 26,699	7,291 	
		Total genera	I revenues and transfer	s508,996	7,385	516,381	7,291	
			Change in net assets	(67,064)	10,194	(56,870)	(63,954)	
		Net assets, beginn	ning of the year	1,559,834	2,878,781	4,438,615	236,870	
		Net assets, end of	f the year	\$ 1,492,770	\$ 2,888,975	\$ 4,381,745	\$ 172,916	

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET

## December 31, 2004

	General		Major General Street		Gov	onmajor ernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Due from other funds Due from other governmental units Prepaids	\$	458,282 2,391 49,240 27,636 5,134	\$	47,091 - - 12,162 -	\$	69,691 - 1,234 4,459 -	\$	575,064 2,391 50,474 44,257 5,134	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	542,683	\$	59,253	\$	75,384	\$	677,320	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES Payables									
Accounts	\$	8,812	\$	198	\$	833	\$	9,843	
Wages		3,258		664		436		4,358	
Due to other funds		1,234		19,675		-		20,909	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		13,304		20,537		1,269		35,110	
FUND BALANCE Fund balance									
Reserved for prepaids Unreserved		5,134		-		-		5,134	
Designated		27,320		-		1,303		28,623	
Undesignated		496,925		38,716		72,812		608,453	
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		529,379		38,716		74,115		642,210	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	542,683	\$	59,253	\$	75,384	\$	677,320	

## RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

December 31, 2004

#### Total fund balance - governmental funds

\$ 642,210

Amounts reported for the governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in the governmental funds.

The cost of capital assets is \$ 2,273,408
Accumulated depreciation is \$ (1,409,510)

Capital assets, net 863,898

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:

Compensated absences (13,338)

Net assets of governmental activities \$1,492,770

#### Governmental Funds

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

## Year Ended December 31, 2004

	Primary Government							
			Nonmajor				_	Total
		Canaral		Major		ernmental		ernmental
		General		Street		-unds		Funds
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	326,162	\$	-	\$	-	\$	326,162
Licenses and permits		461		-		-		461
Intergovernmental		158,960		81,737		29,939		270,636
Charges for services		7,429		-		-		7,429
Interest and rents		42,502		589		196		43,287
Other		22,278		-				22,278
TOTAL REVENUES		557,792		82,326		30,135		670,253
EXPENDITURES								
General government		200,569		-		-		200,569
Public safety		240,133		_		_		240,133
Public works		132,947		49,621		38,775		221,343
Community and economic development		3,462		-		-		3,462
Recreation and cultural		33,429		-				33,429
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		610,540		49,621		38,775		698,936
EXCESS OF REVENUES		(50.740)		00 705		(0.040)		(00 000)
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(52,748)		32,705		(8,640)		(28,683)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Residual equity transfer in		1,109		-		-		1,109
Residual equity transfer out		-		-		(1,109)		(1,109)
Operating transfers in		-		-		21,207		21,207
Operating transfers out				(21,207)		-		(21,207)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING								
SOURCES (USES)		1,109		(21,207)		20,098		-0-
EVOCADO DE DEVENHES AND								
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER								
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES		(51,639)		11,498		11,458		(28,683)
AND OTTER OSES		(31,039)		11,430		11,430		(20,003)
Fund balances, beginning of year		581,018		27,218		62,657		670,893
Fund balances, end of year	\$	529,379	\$	38,716	\$	74,115	\$	642,210

## RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended September 30, 2004

#### Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ (28,683)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:

Capital outlay \$ 47,511 Depreciation expense (79,343)

Excess of depreciation expense over capital outlay

Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of:

(Increase) in accrued compensated absences (6,549)

Change in net assets of governmental activities

\$ (67,064)

(31,832)

## Proprietary Funds

## STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

## December 31, 2004

	Business-type Activities					
	Sewe		Water			
	Syster	<u>m</u>	System	1		Total
ASSETS						
Current assets						
Cash		,054	\$ 188,		\$	364,072
Accounts receivable	15	,193_	8,	964_		24,157
Total current assets	191	,247	196,	982		388,229
Noncurrent assets						
Cash - restricted	211	,609	14,	753		226,362
Unamortized expense	4	,433		-		4,433
Capital assets, net	1,032	,987	1,569,	769		2,602,756
Total other assets	1,249	,029	1,584,	522	:	2,833,551
TOTAL ASSETS	1,440	,276	1,781,	504	;	3,221,780
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities						
Accounts payable		268	2,	210		2,478
Accrued liabilities		554		451		1,005
Due to other funds	6	,507	23,	058		29,565
Accrued interest payable	3	,120		-		3,120
Current portion of long-term debt	45	,000				45,000
Total current liabilities	55	,449	25,	719		81,168
Noncurrent liabilities						
Payable from restricted cash -						
customer deposits payable	21	,884	14,	753		36,637
Revenue bonds payable	215	,000				215,000
Total noncurrent liabilities	236	,884	14,	753		251,637
TOTAL LIABILITIES	292	,333	40,	472		332,805
NET ASSETS						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	772	,987	1,569,	769	:	2,342,756
Restricted for debt retirement		,725	, -,	-		189,725
Unrestricted		,231	171,	263		356,494
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 1,147	,943	\$ 1,741,	032	\$ :	2,888,975

## Proprietary Funds

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS

## Year Ended December 31, 2004

	Business-type Activities					
	Se	ewer		Water		
	Sy	stem		System		Total
OPERATING REVENUES				_		_
Charges for services						
Usage fees	\$	164,426	\$	95,547	\$	259,973
Tap in fees		1,500		1,500		3,000
Other		-		12,936		12,936
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		165,926		109,983		275,909
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Salaries and wages		17,173		32,639		49,812
Fringe benefits		6,941		8,091		15,032
Administrative charge		3,881		2,189		6,070
Contractual services		5,170		2,731		7,901
Supplies		4,402		8,142		12,544
Utilities		4,666		12,200		16,866
Training		-		798		798
Insurance		3,552		4,380		7,932
Repairs and maintenance		5,259		15,600		20,859
Equipment rental		8,184		8,322		16,506
Other		885		633		1,518
Depreciation		43,880		50,069		93,949
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		103,993		145,794		249,787
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		61,933		(35,811)		26,122
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Interest revenue		2,009		955		2,964
Interest expense		(18,892)		-		(18,892)
TOTAL NON-OPERATING						
REVENUES (EXPENSES)		(16,883)		955		(15,928)
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		45,050		(34,856)		10,194
Net assets, beginning of year	1	102,893		1,775,888		2,878,781
Net assets, end of year	\$ 1,	147,943	\$	1,741,032	\$	2,888,975

## Proprietary Funds

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

## Year Ended December 31, 2004

		Bu	sines	s-type Activit	ies	
		Sewer		Water		
		System		System		Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Φ	400.004	Φ	440.044	Φ	077.000
Cash receipts from customers	\$	166,984	\$	110,044	\$	277,028
Cash receipts from other funds		7,874		7,218		15,092
Cash paid to suppliers Cash paid for employee benefits		(38,362)		(54,968)		(93,330)
Cash paid to employees		(6,941) (16,812)		(8,091) (32,493)		(15,032) (49,305)
Cash paid to employees		(10,012)		(32,493)		(49,303)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY						
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		112,743		21,710		134,453
G. 2.0		,		_ :,: : 0		,
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND						
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Capital purchases		(11,350)		(3,350)		(14,700)
Interest expense		(18,892)		-		(18,892)
Payments of borrowing		(45,000)		-		(45,000)
NET CASH (USED) BY CAPITAL AND						
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(75,242)		(3,350)		(78,592)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Interest revenue		2,009		955		2,964
NET INCREASE IN CASH						
DURING YEAR		39,510		19,315		58,825
DONING TEAR		39,310		19,313		36,623
Cash, beginning of year		348,153		183,456		531,609
			-	,		
Cash, end of year	\$	387,663	\$	202,771	\$	590,434
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net						
cash provided (used) by operating activities						
Operating income (loss)	\$	61,933	\$	(35,811)	\$	26,122
Adjustments to reconcile operating		,	•	, ,		•
income (loss) to net cash provided						
by operating activities						
Depreciation		43,880		50,069		93,949
(Increase) decrease in receivables		113		(866)		(753)
Decrease in due from other funds		1,367		-		1,367
Decrease in unamortized expenses		886		-		886
Increase in due to other funds		6,507		7,218		13,725
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(2,709)		27		(2,682)
Increase in accrued liabilities		361		146		507
(Decrease) in accrued interest payable		(540)		-		(540)
Increase in customer deposits		945		927		1,872
NET CASH DROUDED DV						
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	112,743	\$	21,710	\$	134,453
See accompanying notes to financial statements.	<del>-</del>	112,710	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	101,100
1 7 0						

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2004

#### NOTE A: DESCRIPTION OF VILLAGE AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Village of Ovid is located in Clinton County, Michigan and has a population of approximately 1,500. The Village of Ovid operates with a Village President/Council form of government and provides services to its residents in many areas including general government, law enforcement, highways and streets, human services, and utilities services.

The Village Council is made up of the Village President and six (6) trustees who are elected at large for overlapping four (4) year terms.

The financial statements of the Village have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to Village governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Village's more significant accounting policies are described below.

#### 1. Reporting Entity

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; GASB Statement 14, <u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>; and <u>Statement on Michigan Governmental Accounting and Auditing No. 5</u>, these financial statements present the financial activities of the Village of Ovid (primary government) and its component unit, an entity for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. The discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the Village.

#### 2. Discretely Presented Component Unit

The component unit column in the financial statements includes the financial data of the Village's component unit (Downtown Development Authority). The governing body of the Downtown Development Authority is appointed by the Village Council and the Authority's budget is subject to the approval of the Village Council.

#### 3. Jointly Governed Organizations

The Village participates in the following activities which are considered to be jointly governed organizations in relation to the Village, due to there being no ongoing financial interest or responsibility:

Ovid-Middlebury Emergency Services Authority - The Village of Ovid, in conjunction with the Townships of Ovid and Middlebury, has entered into an agreement which created the Ovid-Middlebury Emergency Services Authority. The Ovid-Middlebury Emergency Services Authority board is composed of one (1) member appointed by the Village and three (3) members appointed by each of the Townships. The Village has no financial responsibility to the Authority.

Ovid Public Library - Under Public Act 24 of 1989, the Village of Ovid, in conjunction with the Townships of Ovid and Middlebury, created the Ovid Public Library, which is considered a District Library. The Ovid Public Library board is composed of two (2) members appointed by each of the three municipalities. The Townships collect and distribute property taxes that are levied by the Library. The Village has no financial responsibility to the Library.

#### 4. Basis of Presentation

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities (the government-wide statements) present information for the primary government and its component unit as a whole. All non-fiduciary activities of the primary government are included (i.e., fiduciary fund activities are not included in the government-wide statements). For the most part, interfund activity has been eliminated in the preparation of these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2004

## NOTE A: DESCRIPTION OF VILLAGE AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### 4. Basis of Presentation - continued

#### GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

The statement of activities presents the direct functional expenses of the primary government and its component unit and the program revenues that support them. Direct expenses are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues are associated with specific functions and include charges to recipients of goods or services and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of that function. Revenues that are not required to be presented as program revenues are general revenues. This includes all taxes, interest, and unrestricted State revenue sharing payments and other general revenues and shows how governmental functions are either self-financing or supported by general revenues.

#### **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The fund financial statements present the Village's individual major funds and aggregated nonmajor funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The major funds of the Village are:

- a. The General Fund is the Village's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government except for those that are required to be accounted for in another fund.
- b. The Major Street Fund is used to account for the financial resources that are used for repairs and maintenance of the Village's major streets.
- c. The Sewer Fund accounts for resources generated by providing sewer services to residents of the Village; the costs (expenses, including depreciation) are financed or recovered primarily through user charges.
- d. The Water Fund accounts for resources generated by providing water services to residents of the Village; the costs (expenses, including depreciation) are financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

#### 5. Measurement Focus

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, similar to that used by business enterprises or not-for-profit organizations. Because another measurement focus is used in the governmental fund financial statements, reconciliations to the government-wide statements are provided that explain the differences in detail.

All governmental funds are presented using the current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

#### 6. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2004

# NOTE A: DESCRIPTION OF VILLAGE AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### 6. Basis of Accounting - continued

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when they become susceptible to accrual (when they become both "measurable" and "available to finance expenditures of the current period"). Revenues that are considered measurable but not available are recorded as a receivable and deferred revenue. Significant revenues susceptible to accrual are special assessments and certain intergovernmental revenues. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred, except for interest on long-term debt which is recorded when due.

All proprietary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they are earned, and their expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Enterprise Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the costs of sales and services, administrative expenses, and other costs of running the activity. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. If/when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Village's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### 7. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The General and Special Revenue Funds' budgets were prepared on a basis consistent with the modified accrual basis used to reflect actual results. The Village employs the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- a. Prior to January 1, the Village Budget Committee submits their proposed operating budgets for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and resources to finance them.
- b. A Public Hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments.
- Prior to January 1, the budget is legally adopted with passage by Council vote.
- d. The budget is legally adopted at the activity level for the General Fund and total expenditure (i.e., fund) level for the Special Revenue Funds; however, they are maintained at the account level for control purposes.
- e. After the budget is adopted all transfers of budgeted amounts between accounts within a fund or activity or any revisions that alter the total expenditures of a fund or activity must be approved by the Village Council.
- f. The Village does not employ encumbrance accounting as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental funds. Appropriations unused at December 31, 2004 are not carried forward to the following fiscal year.
- g. Budgeted amounts are reported as originally adopted or as amended by the Village Council during the year. Individual amendments were appropriately approved by the Village Council in accordance with required procedures.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2004

# NOTE A: DESCRIPTION OF VILLAGE AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### 8. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents are temporary investments that consist of various money market checking accounts. The cash and cash equivalents are recorded at market value.

#### 9. Restricted Cash

A portion of the cash and cash equivalents of the Sewer System and Water System Funds are classified as restricted cash because their use is limited. The Sewer System Fund's restrictions are due to bond resolution requirements to maintain certain balances in separate accounts for debt service and general purpose reserves, and also for the amount of customer deposits held at December 31, 2004. The Water System Fund's restriction is due to the amount of customer deposits held at December 31, 2004.

#### 10. Contracts Receivable

The Downtown Development Authority (component unit) has loaned amounts to certain individuals and organizations that are payable over a long-term payment schedule. These amounts have been recorded as receivables with corresponding deferred revenue. Recognition of governmental fund type revenues represented by noncurrent receivables is deferred until they become current receivables.

#### 11. Property Tax

The Village of Ovid bills and collects its own property taxes. The Village's property tax revenue recognition policy and related tax calendar disclosures are highlighted in the following paragraph.

Property taxes are levied by the Village of Ovid on July 1 and are payable without penalty through September 15. All real property taxes not paid to the Village by September 15 are turned over to the Clinton County Treasurer for collection. The Clinton County Treasurer remits payments to all taxing districts on any delinquent real property taxes. Delinquent personal property taxes are retained by the Village for subsequent collection. Village property tax revenues are recognized as revenues in the fiscal year levied.

The Village is permitted to levy taxes up to 20 mills (\$20 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation) for general governmental services and up to an additional 3 mills (\$3 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation) for garbage collection and disposal. For the year ended December 31, 2004, the Village levied 11.8397 mills for general governmental services and 0.7118 mills for garbage collection and disposal.

#### 12. Interfund Transactions

During the course of normal operations, the Village has numerous transactions between funds, including expenditures and transfers of resources to provide services, construct assets, and service debt. The accompanying financial statements generally reflect such transactions as operating transfers. Transfers between governmental and proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

The General Fund records charges for equipment rental and administrative costs to various Village departments and funds as revenue. All Village funds record these payments as operating expenditures/expenses.

#### 13. Compensated Absences

Accumulated vacation and sick pay amounts of Village employees are vested (i.e., are payable at termination) according to Village personnel guidelines. This liability, along with the related payroll taxes, is recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2004

## NOTE A: DESCRIPTION OF VILLAGE AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### 14. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, buildings, equipment, and vehicles and are recorded (net of accumulated depreciation, if applicable) in the government-wide financial statements under the governmental activities column. Capital assets are those with an initial individual cost of \$1,000 or more and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Capital assets are not recorded in the governmental funds. Instead, capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in governmental funds, and the related assets are reported in the government-wide financial statements. All purchased capital assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received.

GASB Statement No. 34 requires major networks and major subsystems of infrastructure assets acquired, donated, constructed, or substantially rehabilitated since fiscal years ending after June 30, 1980, be inventoried and capitalized by the fourth anniversary of the mandated date of adoption of the other provisions of GASB Statement No. 34. The Village of Ovid has capitalized all applicable infrastructure that met the reporting criteria, as required by GASB Statement No. 34, and has reported the infrastructure in the Statement of Net Assets.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Cover and Mater avatems and imprevene	F 40
Sewer and Water systems and improvements	5 - 40 years
Equipment and machinery	5 - 30 years
Buildings	50 years
Vehicles	4 - 20 years
Infrastructure	20 years

As a result of the implementation of GASB 34, the Village is, for the first time, accounting for infrastructure assets on its financial statements.

#### 15. Long-term Liabilities

Long-term debt and other long-term obligations are recognized as a liability in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types when incurred. The portion of those liabilities expected to be paid within the next year is a current liability with the remaining amounts shown as long-term.

Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund.

#### 16. Comparative Data

Comparative data for the prior year has not been presented in all funds in the accompanying financial statements since their inclusion would make the financial statements unduly complex and difficult to read.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2004

## NOTE A: DESCRIPTION OF VILLAGE AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### 17. Accounting Change

As of January 1, 2004, the Village implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments (Statement) along with all related statements and interpretations. Some of the significant changes in the Statement include the following:

- A Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section providing an analysis of the Village's overall financial position and results of operations has been included.
- Government-wide financial statements (statement of net assets and statement of activities) prepared using
  full accrual accounting for all of the Village's activities have been provided. Reconciliations are presented
  between the governmental fund level (modified accrual) and government-wide (full accrual) statements
  since their measurement focus is not the same.
- The fund financial statements focus on major funds rather than fund types.

This implementation has also required certain disclosures to be made in the notes to the financial statements concurrent with the implementation of Statement No. 34 based on GASB Statement No. 38. Certain note disclosures have been added and/or amended, including descriptions of activities of major funds and interfund balances and transactions, and various other disclosures.

#### NOTE B: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

In accordance with Michigan Compiled Laws, the Village is authorized to invest in the following investment vehicles:

- 1. Bonds, securities, and other obligations of the United States or an agency or instrumentality of the United States
- 2. Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, or depository receipts of a State or nationally chartered bank or a State or Federally chartered savings and loan association, savings bank, or credit union whose deposits are insured by an agency of the United States government and which maintains a principal office or branch office located in this State under the laws of the State or the United States, but only if the bank, savings and loan association, savings bank, or credit union is eligible to be a depository of surplus funds belong to the State under Section 5 or 6 of Act No. 105 of the Public Acts of 1855, as amended, being Section 21.145 and 21.146 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
- Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the three (3) highest classifications established by not less than two (2) standard rating services and which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- 4. The United States government or federal agency obligations repurchase agreements.
- 5. Bankers' acceptances of United States banks.
- 6. Mutual funds composed of investment vehicles which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2004

#### NOTE B: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - CONTINUED

Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) regulations provide that deposits of governmental units are to be separately insured for the amount of \$100,000 for deposits in an insured bank for savings deposits and \$100,000 for demand deposits. Furthermore, if specific deposits are regulated by statute or bond indenture, these specific deposits are to be separately insured for the amount of \$100,000. Michigan Compiled Laws allow for collateralization of government deposits if the assets for pledging are acceptable to the State Treasurer under Section 3 of 1855 PA 105, MCL 21.143, to secure deposits of State surplus funds, securities, issued by the Federal Loan Mortgage Corporation, Federal National Mortgage Association or Government National Mortgage Association.

As of December 31, 2004, the carrying amounts and bank balances for each type of bank account are as follows:

Account Type	Carryin <u>Amour</u>		Bank <u>Balance</u>
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT Regular checking	\$ 1,165	5,498 \$	1,165,783
COMPONENT UNIT Regular checking Savings		5,257 5,048	5,331 18,048
	23	<u> 3,305</u>	23,379
Total Reporting Entity	<u>\$ 1,188</u>	<u>,803</u> \$	1,189,162

Deposits of the Village are at federally insured banks located in the State of Michigan with all accounts maintained in the name of the Village. As of December 31, 2004, the primary government and component unit accounts were insured by the FDIC for \$390,840, and the amount of \$798,322 was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Due to significantly higher cash flow at certain periods during the year, the amount the Village held as cash and cash equivalents increased significantly. As a result, the amount of uninsured and uncollateralized cash and cash equivalents were substantially higher at these peak periods than at year-end.

The cash and cash equivalents referred to above have been reported in the cash and cash equivalents caption on the Statement of Net Assets, based upon criteria disclosed in Note A. The following summarizes the categorization of these amounts as of December 31, 2004:

		Primary overnment	Co	mponent <u>Unit</u>	- -	Reporting Entity
Cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	\$	939,136 226,362	\$	19,995 3,310	\$	959,131 229,672
	<u>\$</u>	1,165,498	\$	23,305	\$	1,188,803

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2004

### NOTE C: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - RESTRICTED

The following summarizes the restricted cash and cash equivalents as of December 31, 2004:

		Customer Deposits		Debt <u>Retirement</u>		<u>Total</u>	
Cash and cash equivalents Enterprise Funds Component Unit Funds	\$	36,637	\$	189,725 3,310	\$	226,362 3,310	
	\$	36,637	\$	193,035	\$	229,672	

#### NOTE D: INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

The following schedule details primary government interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2004:

Due to General fund from: Major Street Fund Sewer Fund Water Fund	\$ 19,675 6,507 23,058
	49,240
Due to Nonmajor governmental funds from: General Fund	 1,234
Total interfund receivable and payable	\$ 50,474

#### **NOTE E: INTERFUND TRANSFERS**

Permanent reallocation of resources between funds of the reporting entity is classified as interfund transfers. For the purpose of the statement of activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds, business type funds, and component unit have been eliminated.

Operating transfers to Nonmajor governmental funds from:  Major Street Fund	\$ 21,207
Residual equity transfers to General Fund from: Nonmajor governmental funds	<u>\$ 1,109</u>

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2004

#### NOTE F: COMPONENT UNIT LONG-TERM CONTRACTS RECEIVABLE

The Village has four (4) loans outstanding to individuals and organizations made through the Downtown Development Authority (component unit) Special Revenue Fund. The amounts attributable to these long-term contracts receivable have been recorded in the Downtown Development Authority (component unit) Special Revenue Fund as contracts receivable and deferred revenue. The following is a summary of future annual revenue from debtors that currently have signed promissory notes with the Village.

Years Ending <a href="December 31">December 31</a> ,	<u> </u>	<u>Principal</u>		Interest		<u>Total</u>
2005	\$	58,188	\$	5,413	\$	63,601
2006		4,020		3,750		7,770
2007		59,549		1,771		61,320
	<u>\$</u>	121,757	\$	10,934	\$	132,691

#### **NOTE G: CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2004 was as follows:

#### PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

	Restated			
	Balance			Balance
	Jan. 1, 2004	<u>Additions</u>	<b>Deletions</b>	Dec. 31, 2004
Governmental activities				
Land (not depreciated)	\$ 1,301	\$ 948	\$ -	\$ 2,249
Land improvements	109,000	-	-	109,000
Buildings	404,500	9,000	-	413,500
Furniture and equipment	299,574	5,486	-	305,060
Vehicles	164,067	32,077	-	196,144
Infrastructure	1,247,455	<u> </u>		1,247,455
Totals at historical cost	2,225,897	47,511	-0-	2,273,408
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land improvements	( 40,100)	( 5,450 )	-	( 45,550)
Buildings	( 212,373 )	( 8,251 )	-	( 220,624 )
Furniture and equipment	( 126,118 )	( 15,582 )	-	( 141,700 )
Vehicles	( 70,884)	( 19,874 )	-	( 90,758 )
Infrastructure	<u>( 880,692</u> )	( 30,186 )		<u>( 910,878</u> )
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,330,167)	( 79,343)	-0-	(1,409,510)
Capital assets, net	\$ 895,730	<u>\$( 31,832</u> )	\$ -0-	\$ 863,898

Depreciation expense was charged to activities of the following governmental activities:

General government	\$ 4,291
Public safety	17,084
Public works	56,816
Recreation and cultural	 1,152
Total depreciation expense	\$ 79,343

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2004

## NOTE G: CAPITAL ASSETS - CONTINUED

PRIMARY	GOVERNMENT	- CONTINUED

FINIMANT GOVERNIVENT - CONTINUED	Balance Jan. 1, 2004	Additions	Deletions	Balance Dec. 31, 2004
Business-type activities	<u>Jan. 1, 2004</u>	Additions	Deletions	Dec. 31, 2004
(Sewer system)				
Land (not depreciated)	\$ 76,800	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 76,800
Sewer system	1,637,638	8,000	Ψ -	1,645,638
Equipment	75,161	3,350	_	78,511
Equipment	75,101	3,330	<u>-</u>	70,511
Totals at historical cost	1,789,599	11,350	-0-	1,800,949
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Sewer system	( 684,746 )	( 41,121)	-	( 725,867)
Equipment	( 39,336)	( 2,759)		( 42,095)
Total accumulated depreciation	( 724,082 )	( 43,880)	-0-	( 767,962 )
Capital assets, net	<u>\$ 1,065,517</u>	<u>\$( 32,530</u> )	<u>\$ -0-</u>	<u>\$ 1,032,987</u>
Business-type activities				
(Water system)		_		
Land (not depreciated)	\$ 57,522	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 57,522
Building	115,681	-	-	115,681
Water system	1,994,151	-	-	1,994,151
Equipment	<u>34,090</u>	3,350		<u>37,440</u>
Totals at historical cost	2,201,444	3,350	-0-	2,204,794
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Building	( 115,681 )	_	_	( 115,681 )
Water system	( 453,515 )	( 48,386)	_	( 501,901 )
Equipment	( 15,760 )	( 1,683)	_	( 17,443 )
Equipment	<u>( 15,760</u> )	( 1,005 )		<u>( 17,445</u> )
Total accumulated depreciation	( 584,956)	( 50,069)		( 635,025)
Capital assets, net	<u>\$ 1,616,488</u>	<u>\$( 46,719</u> )	<u>\$ -0-</u>	<u>\$ 1,569,769</u>
COMPONENT UNIT				
Downtown Development Authority				
Land (not depreciated)	<u>\$ 25,675</u>	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 25,675</u>

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2004

#### **NOTE H: LONG-TERM DEBT**

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt (including current portion) of the Village for the year ended December 31, 2004:

		estated alance				E	Balance		mounts ue Within
	Jan.	. 1, 2004	F	Additions	Deletions	Dec	c. 31, 2004	С	ne Year
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT			_		 		_		_
Governmental activities									
Compensated absences	\$	6,789	\$	6,549	\$ -	\$	13,338	\$	5,564
Business-type activities									
Sewer System Fund									
1991 Sewer Revenue Bonds		5,000		-	5,000		-0-		-
1997C Refunding Bonds		300,000			 40,000		260,000		45,000
Total Primary Government	\$	<u>311,789</u>	\$	6,549	\$ 45,000	\$	273,338	\$	50,564

In 1997 the Village entered into an agreement with the Michigan Municipal Bond Authority to refund the 1989 Sewer Revenue Bonds and replace them with the 1997C Refunding Bonds. The refunding of the bonds did not change the Village's principal amounts due or the timing or duration of the payments but provided a better interest rate on the outstanding bonds. This resulted in a reduction in future interest payments by \$43,372.

Significant details regarding outstanding long-term debt (including current portion) are presented below:

#### PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

#### Sanitary Sewer System Refunding Bonds

\$495,000 Sewer Refunding Bonds dated October 16, 1997, due in annual installments ranging from \$45,000 to \$60,000 through May 1, 2009, with interest ranging of 7.20 percent, payable semi-annually.

260,000

The annual requirements to pay the debt principal and interest outstanding for the bonds are as follows:

Year EndingJune 30,	<u>Pri</u>	<u>Principal</u>		nterest	<u>Total</u>			
2005 2006 2007 2008 2009	\$	45,000 50,000 50,000 55,000 60,000	\$	17,100 13,680 10,080 6,300 2,160	\$	62,100 63,680 60,080 61,300 62,160		
	<u>\$ 2</u>	260,000	<u>\$</u>	49,320	<u>\$</u>	309,320		

#### **NOTE I: DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN**

The Village of Ovid offers its employees a deferred compensation plan sponsored by Prudential Insurance Company of America, which was created in accordance with IRS Section #457. The plan, available to all full time employees, permits them to defer a portion of their current salary until future years. In addition, after completion of ninety (90) days of employment, the Village will match employee contributions, up to 5% of current salary. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Elected officials are not eligible to participate. For the year ended December 31, 2004, the Village contributed \$6.973 to the plan and employees contributed \$7.993.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2004

#### NOTE J: EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

Michigan Public Act 621 of 1978, Sections 18 and 19, as amended, provides that a local governmental unit not incur expenditures in excess of the amounts appropriated.

In the body of the combined financial statements, the Village's budgeted expenditures in the General and Special Revenue Funds have been shown at the functional classification level. The approved budgets of the Village have been adopted at the activity level for the General Fund and the fund level for the Special Revenue Funds.

During the year ended December 31, 2004, the Village incurred expenditures in the General Fund and one (1) Special Revenue Fund in excess of the amounts appropriated as follows:

General Fund	Amounts <u>Appropriated</u>		 mounts (pended	<u>Variance</u>	
General Government Executive Equipment rental		9,638 28,295	\$ 11,546 28,321	\$	1,908 26
Special Revenue Parks and Recreation		-	1,109		1,109

#### NOTE K: FUND EQUITY RESERVES AND DESIGNATIONS

Reserved fund balance and retained earnings are used to earmark a portion of fund equity to indicate that it is not appropriate for expenditures or has been legally segregated for a specific future use. Designated fund balance indicates that portion of the fund balance which the Village has set aside for specific purposes.

The following are the various fund balance and retained earnings reserves as of December 31, 2004:

#### **Fund Balance**

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT General Fund Reserved for prepaids	\$	5,134
COMPONENT UNIT		
Special Revenue - Downtown Development Fund Reserved for debt retirement		3,310
	\$	8,444
The following is the fund balance designation as of December 31, 2004:		
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT		
General Designated for subsequent year's expenditures	\$	27.320
Local Street	•	,
Designated for subsequent year's expenditures		1,303
	\$	28,623

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2004

#### **NOTE L: RESTRICTED NET ASSETS**

Restrictions of net assets shown in the Government-wide financial statements indicate that restrictions imposed by the funding source or some other outside source (bond ordinance, etc.) which precludes their use for unrestricted purposes. The following are the various net asset restrictions as of December 31, 2004:

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT Governmental activities Restricted for Public works Streets and highways	
Major Street Local Street	\$ 38,716 74,115
	<u>\$ 112,831</u>
Business-type activities Restricted for debt service	<u>\$ 189,725</u>
Component Units (DDA) Restricted for debt service	<u>\$ 3,310</u>

#### **NOTE M: RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Village participates in a pool, the Michigan Township Participating Plan, with other municipalities for property, liability, wrongful acts, law enforcement, auto, crime, in-land marine, boiler, and bonding losses. The pool is organized under Public Act 138 of 1982, as amended. The Village has no liability for additional assessments based on the claims filed against the pool nor do they have any right to dividends.

The Village also participates in a pool, the Michigan Municipal Workers' Compensation Fund, with other municipalities for workers' compensation losses. The pool is organized under Public Act 317 of 1969, as amended. The Village has no liability for additional assessments based on the claims filed against the pool nor do they have any rights to dividends.

#### NOTE N: BUILDING AND ZONING FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The Village elected to report the financial activities of the building and zoning activity in the general fund. The following is the required information as it relates to this activity for the year ended December 31, 2004:

REVENUES Building Permits	\$	461
EXPENDITURES Salary and fringes Contracted services Publications and notices		1,532 1,750 180
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		3,462
EXCESS OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	\$(	3,001 )

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### General Fund

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

# Year Ended December 31, 2004

Variance with

	Budgeted Amounts						Fina	ance with al Budget ositive
	(	Original		Final		Actual		egative)
REVENUES Taxes	\$	316,300	\$	316,300	\$	326,162	\$	9,862
Licenses and permits		500		500		461		(39)
Intergovernmental		166,700		166,700		158,960		(7,740)
Charges for services		9,335		9,335		7,429		(1,906)
Interest and rents		56,350		56,350		42,502		(13,848)
Other		3,165		3,165		22,278		19,113
TOTAL REVENUES		552,350		552,350		557,792		5,442
EXPENDITURES								
General government		16 122		15 711		15 710		1
Legislative Executive		16,133 9,623		15,744 9,638		15,743 11,546		(1,908)
Financial administration		108,565		119,029		110,205		8,824
Elections		1,800		2,985		2,967		18
Hall and grounds		29,934		33,408		31,787		1,621
Equipment rental		26,118		28,295		28,321		(26)
Total general government		192,173		209,099		200,569		8,530
Public safety								
Police department		208,664		244,164		240,133		4,031
Fire department		800		1,850		240,100		1,850
The department				1,000				1,000
Total public safety		209,464		246,014		240,133		5,881
Public works		131,453		138,956		132,947		6,009
Community and economic development Planning/zoning commission		5,225		4,655		3,462		1,193
Recreation and cultural								
Parks and recreation		47,256		35,131		27,178		7,953
Community promotion		6,390		6,262		6,251		11
Total recreation and								
cultural		53,646		41,393		33,429		7,964
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		591,961		640,117		610,540		29,577

#### General Fund

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

# Year Ended December 31, 2004

		Budgeted	Amo	unts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original Final			Actual	(Negative)		
EXCESS OF REVENUES (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$	(39,611)	\$	(87,767)	\$ (52,748)	\$	35,019
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Residual equity transfer in					 1,109		1,109
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (UNDER)							
EXPENDITURES		(39,611)		(87,767)	(51,639)		36,128
Fund balance, beginning of year		581,018		581,018	 581,018		-0-
Fund balance, end of year	\$	541,407	\$	493,251	\$ 529,379	\$	36,128

# Major Street Fund

# BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

# Year Ended December 31, 2004

	Budgeted Amounts						Fina	ance with al Budget ositive
		Original	Final			Actual		egative)
REVENUES Intergovernmental -State						_		
Gas and weight tax	\$	85,685	\$	85,685	\$	81,737	\$	(3,948)
Metro act Interest		2,640		2,640		- 589		(2,640) 589
merest						309		303
TOTAL REVENUES		88,325		88,325		82,326		(5,999)
EXPENDITURES								
Public works		54,910		54,588		49,621		4,967
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		33,415		33,737		32,705		(1,032)
OTHER FINANCING (USES) Operating transfers out		(21,421)		(21,421)		(21,207)		214
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER								
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES		11,994		12,316		11,498		(818)
Fund balance, beginning of year		27,218		27,218		27,218		-0-
Fund balance, end of year	\$	39,212	\$	39,534	\$	38,716	\$	(818)



# Nonmajor Governmental Funds

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

#### December 31, 2004

		Special	9	Total						
		Local Street		ks and reation	Nonmajor Governmenta Funds					
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governmental units Due from other funds	\$ 69,691 4,459 1,234		\$ - -		\$ - - -		\$ - - -		\$	69,691 4,459 1,234
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 75,384		\$ -0-		\$	75,384				
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable Accrued wages	\$	833 436	\$	-	\$ 	833 436				
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,269		-0-		1,269				
FUND BALANCES Unreserved										
Designated Undesignated		1,303 72,812		<u>-</u>		1,303 72,812				
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		74,115		-0-		74,115				
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	75,384	\$	-0-	\$	75,384				

#### Nonmajor Governmental Funds

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

#### Year Ended December 31, 2004

	Special F	Total			
	Local Street		Parks and Recreation		onmajor ernmental Funds
REVENUES Intergovernmental Interest	\$ 29,939 196	\$	-	\$	29,939 196
TOTAL REVENUES	30,135		-0-		30,135
EXPENDITURES Public works					
Highways and streets	 38,775				38,775
EXCESS OF REVENUES (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(8,640)		-0-		(8,640)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers in Residual equity transfer out	21,207		- (1,109)		21,207 (1,109)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	 21,207		(1,109)		20,098
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	12,567		(1.100)		11,458
OTHER FINANCING USES	12,567		(1,109)		11,430
Fund balances, beginning of year	 61,548		1,109		62,657
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 74,115	\$	-0-	\$	74,115

# Component Unit Fund

# BALANCE SHEET - DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

#### December 31, 2004

		Special Revenue
ASSETS Cash	\$	19,995
Cash - restricted	•	3,310
Interest receivable		2,180
Contracts receivable		121,756
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	147,241
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE LIABILITIES		
Deferred revenue		96,756
FUND BALANCE		
Reserved for debt retirement Unreserved		3,310
Undesignated		47,175
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		50,485
TOTAL LIABILITIES	•	4.47.044
AND FUND BALANCE	<u>\$</u>	147,241

#### Component Unit Fund

# RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

December 31, 2004

#### Fund balance - governmental fund

\$ 50,485

Amounts reported for the governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Capital assets (land) used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in the governmental funds.

The cost of capital assets is

25,675

Long-term receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and are therefore deferred in the funds. These consist of:

Deferred revenue 96,756

Net assets of governmental activities \$ 172,916

#### Component Unit Fund

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

#### December 31, 2004

	Special Revenue
REVENUES Interest Other	\$ 7,291 33,792
TOTAL REVENUES	41,083
EXPENDITURES Community and economic development	 158,990
EXCESS OF REVENUES (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(117,907)
Fund balance, beginning of year	 168,392
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 50,485

#### Component Unit Fund

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

Year Ended September 30, 2004

#### Net change in fund balance

\$(117,907)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Loans to outside entities related to contracts receivable and subsequent collections of contracts receivable is reported as expenditures and revenues in governmental funds, but the subsequent collections reduces contracts receivable and the loans increase contracts receivable in the statement of net assets.

In the current year, these amounts consist of:

Contracts receivable - loan amounts - principal Contracts receivable - principal collections 87,745 (33,792)

53,953

Change in net assets of governmental activities

\$ (63,954)

#### **Principals**

Dale J. Abraham, CPA Michael T. Gaffney, CPA Steven R. Kirinović, CPA Aaron M. Stevens, CPA Eric J. Glashouwer, CPA

Karen A. Roka, CPA James A. Huguelet, CPA Alan D. Panter, CPA William I. Tucker IV, CPA Kurt M. Lemmen, CPA



Member: American Institute of Certified **Public Accountants** Michigan Association of **Certified Public** Accountants

MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Honorable President and Members of the Village Council Village of Ovid Ovid, Michigan

As you know, we have recently completed our audit of the records of the Village of Ovid, Michigan as of and for the year ended December 31, 2004. In connection with the audit, we feel that certain changes in your accounting and administrative procedures would be helpful in improving management's control and the operational efficiency of the accounting and administrative functions. This suggestion is a result of our evaluation of the internal control and our discussions with management.

1. Budgets should be adopted, monitored and amended when necessary.

As noted in the financial statements, some of the activities of the Village exceeded the amounts appropriated. The variances noted were in the General Fund and Parks and Recreation Special Revenue Fund.

The Michigan Public Act 621 of 1978, as amended, provides that the Village adopt formal budgets for all applicable General and Special Revenue Funds, and shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amounts appropriated. Also, the Public Act requires amendments to be performed prior to incurring additional expenditures.

We suggest the Village adopt a budget for all required funds, monitor expenditures against adopted budgets and make appropriate budget amendments as needed.

This condition was considered in determining the nature, timing, and extent of the audit tests to be applied in our audit of the financial statements. This condition did not affect our report on the financial statements dated February 4, 2005.

This report is intended solely for the information of management and the President and Members of the Village Council of the Village of Ovid and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We wish to express our appreciation for the courtesy and cooperation extended to us during our audit. We are available to discuss any or all of these suggestions with you and to provide assistance in the implementation of improvements.

ABRAHAM & GAFFNEY, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

abroham & Liffrey, P.C.

February 4, 2005